LICAL						Question Paper Version: A	
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I/II Semester B.E Degree, Examination, December 2011 CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time:	2 hrs.]	[Max. Marks: 50					
	INSTRUCTIONS TO TH	IE CANDIDATES					
1.	Answer all FIFTY questions; each question	n carries ONE Mark.					
2.	Use only Black ball point pen for darkeni	ning the circles.					
3.	For each question, after selecting your	selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle					
	iber on the OMR sheet.						
4.	n makes the answer invalid.						
5.	eners on the OMR sheet are strictly						
	prohibited.						
1.	Which of the following words was not added constitution? a) Secular b) Flexible	by the 42 nd amendment Act, to the Indian c) Socialist d) Integrity					
2.	There are number of fundamental dut a) 4 b) 7	, , ,					
3.	Under article 329(B) of constitution of India, over election disputes. a) District court b) Consumer court	only the following court has the jurisdiction c) Supreme court d) High court					
4.	The 42 nd amendment to the Indian constitution a) 1976 b) 1978	came into force in the year c) 1960 d) 1982					
5.	The method of amending rigid constitution is tale. a) Simple majority b) Special majority	c) Cannot be amended d) None of these					
6.	The power to superintend, direct and control el a) Finance commission c) Election commission	b) Planning commission d) None of these					
7.	The National emergency is proclaimed under a) 353 b) 354	c) 350 of constitution of India. d) None of these					
8.	Proclamation of emergency must be laid before a) Both the houses of parliament c) Before the Supreme court	b) Either house of Parliament d) None of these					

9.	Who among the following can remove a chiefa) Presidentc) Supreme court	b) Governor	tive assembly
10.	Directive principles of state policy are a) Political rights c) Constitutional rights	b) Social rightsd) Legal rights	
11.	What is the term of Lok Sabha? a) 8 b) 7	c) 6	d) 5
12.	The other name for Legislative council is a) Vidhana Sabha b) Vidhana Soudha	c) Vidhana Parishad	d) None of these
13.	The highest court of India is a) Lok Adalat b) International court	c) Supreme court	d) District court
14.	Annual statement of Income and expenditure a) Budgetc) Audit report	of the Government is kno b) Financial report d) Profit & Loss ac	
15.	How many houses are there in the Parliament a) 2 b) 3	? c) 4	d) 5
16.	Freedom of speech and expression is contained a) 19 (1)(a) b) 19 (1)(e)	10(1)(1)	d) None of these
17.	Article 17 of constitution of India deals with a) abolition of title c) abolition of untouchability 	b) abolition of ineqd) abolition of asso	
18.	Children below the age of years a employment. a) 14 b) 15	are prohibited to be emp	oloyed in hazardous
19.	Right to pollution free environment includes a) right to assemblec) right to practice any religion	b) right to move fred	,
20.	'Quo – warranto' means a) standing in queue c) what is your authority?	b) issuing warrantd) none of these	
21.	Right to education is contained in Article a) 21 b) 21A	c) 20C	d) 32
22.	The term of office of the President isa) 4 b) 5	years c) 6	d) 7
23.	Equality of opportunity in public employment a) all the applicants are entitled to be employ b) state cannot prescribe any condition for en c) equal opportunity to be given without disc d) none of these	yed anywhere in India mployment.	nt

24.	Fundamental rights are a) Civil rights b) Basic rights c) Criminal rights d) None of these
25.	A state whose executive head is an elected representative is called a) The republic b) Monarchy c) Anarchy d) Dictatorship
26.	Equality must be among a) equals b) inequals c) all d) none of these
27.	Uniform civil code means a) a common civil law governing all the citizens b) a common dress code for all the citizens c) a common language of all the citizen d) none of these
28.	Fundamental rights are directive principles are a) opposed to each other b) unrelated and unconnected to eachother c) supplementary and complementary d) none of these
29.	Article 14 permits reasonable a) classification b) discrimination c) division d) none of these
30.	The Governor of a state is a) appointed by the President c) directly elected by people b) appointed by the Parliament d) elected by the State legislature
31.	President rule is imposed in a state a) when state legislature passes a resolution to that effect b) when there is a difference of opinion between the Governor and the CM c) when there is no clear majority d) when the State government doesn't follow the direction given by the PM.
32.	Public interest litigation can be entertained by the High court whenever a) the public neglect the Governments interests b) the public interest is weakened c) the public are irresponsible d) the public interest becomes personal interest of the High court.
33.	The judges of a High court are a) appointed by the Chief Minister b) appointed by the Governor c) appointed by the speaker of Vidhana Sabha d) appointed by the President of India.
34.	To become a Chief Minister the person must have attained the age of a) 19 b) 21 c) 25 d) 32
35.	Which of the following is not a machinery to safeguard and implement the constitutional and other civil rights of the SC and ST a) Supreme Court b) Labour Court c) National Human Right Commission d) Special court to try attrocities cases
36.	Once approved, proclamation of emergency remains in force for a) 2 years b) 3 months c) 1 year d) 6 months
37.	During emergency, there is automatic suspension of rights guaranteed under Articlea) 14 b) 18 c) 21 d) 19

38.	Seats are reserved in : a) SC & ST			J\J:L1_						
20	•	, 0 1	, .	d)disabled persons						
39.	Every citizen must h vote in election.	ave attained the minin	num age of years	s to become eligible to						
	•	b) 18	c) 19	d) 20						
40.	The date of commenc	ement of the Indian cor								
	a) 15 th August, 1947 c)—26 th August, 1947	,	b) 26 th January,							
44			d) 26 th Novembe	r, 1945						
41.	Fundamental rights ar a) Criminal courts		c) Civil courts	d) None of these						
42.		make special provision								
	a) Women & Childrc) Men & Women	en	b) Men onlyd) None of these							
43.	performance of their p	rofessional duties.	y, wealth and welfar							
	a) Women & Children	1 b) the public	c) the ministers	d) themselves						
44.	Designs supplied to a others without the peri	n engineer by the clier	nt shall not be duplicat	ed by the engineer for						
	a) High court		b) Client	• .•						
	c) Chief Minister		d) Engineers Ass	sociation						
45.	According to an engine a) risk is more than b	_		hanafit						
	c) risk is less than be		b) risk is equal tod) none of these	benem						
46.	With holding informat	ion which ought to hav	e been revealed is a typ	e of						
	a) deceptive behavio	ur	b) normal behavi	our						
	c) abnormal behavio		d) behaviour show	wing honesty						
47.	Which of the following		• •							
	a) copy right	·	c) patent	d) landed property						
48.	Engineers shall undertake to perform engineering assignments only when a) qualified by education and experience in the technical field									
	b) they have 10 years experience in the technical field									
	c) they are adequatelyd) none of these	paid for their job								
40										
49.	When as a result of the a) they shall get comp	ir studies, engineers be ensation from their em	clieve that a project will	not be successful						
	b) they shall go ahead	with it without inform	ing the employer or cli	ent						
	c) they shall forgo the	project without inform	ning the employer or cli	ient						
	d) they shall advise th	eir empioyer or client.								
50.	ASME stands for									
	a) American Society for Mb) Asian Society for M		ers							
	c) Atlantic Society for									
	d) African Society for									